

KEEP A.F.L. INTACT IS GREEN'S DEMAND

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not be sacrificed to the "whims of any individual."

Mr. Green commended President Roosevelt for calling on the A. F.

"I think that all working men and

“How shall we accomplish this? Would you have the A. F. of L. surrender any of its principles? Would

"During these years we have developed a trade-union philosophy which has met the test, organizing craft unions in one field or industrial in another as circumstances required. We are willing to apply this

"We have developed a political philosophy which would destroy either type to satisfy the whims of any individual."

philosophy which provides for the development of a non-partisan policy. We are unwilling to accept a political philosophy which would tie the organized labor movement to the tax

of any political party, yet at the last election, I think you'll observe, we did a pretty good job.

"We are unwilling to adopt policies

"The C. I. O. has organized —

chartered new unions, competing in fields in which the A. F. of L. union had been created previously. Two unions competing in the same field for

DRAFTSMEN SIGN UP PERTH

AMBOY TERRA COTTA FIRM

Firm That Refuses to Deal With
A. F. of L. Affiliate.
Perth Amboy, N. J. (AFLWNS).

Local No. 63 of the International Federation of Technical Engineers, Architects, and Draftsmen's Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor in cooperation with

Julius Kaas, counselor for the Central Labor Union of Perth Amboy and Vicinity, have negotiated an agreement with the Federal Seaboard

In the case of the Atlantic Terra Cotta Company, union officials were not so successful. The president of the company refused to meet with

The union therefore voted to go on strike and picket the firm.

Labor bodies in this city were reported as cooperating with the draftsmen. It was announced that union teamsters refused to drive their trucks into the zone.

(From March 28 issue of A. F. of L. Weekly News Service Supplement)

WPA INVESTIGATION

WFA INVESTIGATION
ORDERED BY HOUSE

Appropriations Committee Is Instructed to Formulate a Federal Relief Policy.

Washington, D. C.—The House of Representatives by a vote of 352 to 27 instructed the Appropriations Committee to investigate the Work

Progress Administration, with especial emphasis on the expenditure of funds, with a view to formulating a policy designed to guide the House in future appropriations for relief of the

millions of jobless who are refused the right to work by those who own and operate American industry.

the resolution, introduced by Representative Cox of Georgia, was attributed to the fact that many representatives hold there is nothing to conceal in the activities of the WFO.

PRODUCTION COST PRICE

PRODUCTION-COST PRICE FOR FARM OUTPUT URGED

Washington, D. C.—Solving the depressed economic condition of many American farmers by guaranteeing them at least the cost of production for the

product is the fundamental principle underlying the cost-of-production bill sponsored by Senator Lynn J. Frazier of North Dakota, and Representative Sam C. Massingale, of Oklahoma.

At the hearings on a new farm program held by the House Agriculture Committee the substance and method of the Frazier-Manning bill was explained by Edward E. Kennedy, spokes-

"This bill is primarily designed to regulate interstate and foreign commerce in agriculture products having

"It makes it unlawful for dealers to purchase such farm products from farmers at less than the average cost," Kennedy said.

"It provides for the handling of surplus, plus, if any, without expense to the

Government. For the surplus the farmer is to receive world prices less cost of handling, marketing and administration. The cost of handling and administration is charged to the producer.

"It protects the home market by prohibiting the importation of competing farm products at prices less than our

domestic price level. It puts farm products now owned by the Government in the classification of surplus to be sold abroad."

Mr. Kennedy claimed the formula for

the cost of production program, already applied to a considerable portion of American business, was "simply borrowed from the formula used by the manufacturing industry since Adam Smith."

Smith wrote his "Wealth of Nations."
